

## **Abstract**

### **Background**

Primary hyperparathyroidism is a rare disease. Most of the time a solitary adenoma presents with mildly raised serum calcium and marginally elevated parathyroid hormone (PTH) level. Parathyroid crisis is a life-threatening manifestation of hyperparathyroidism where there is a very high calcium level with very high serum PTH level. It is associated with significant end organ damage.

### **Case presentation**

15-year-old girl presented with burning epigastric pain, regurgitation, poor appetite, fatigue, constipation, polyuria and polydipsia for three weeks duration. A well-defined, smooth, non-tender lump was palpable in the left anterior triangle of the neck, which moved upwards with swallowing. She had bradycardia (45 beats per minute) with an ECG showing variable 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> degree atrioventricular blocks. She had a very high serum calcium and parathyroid hormone levels. CECT neck showed a giant parathyroid mass and she underwent the parathyroidectomy immediately. Histology confirmed the adenoma and patient's symptomatology was improved after the surgery.

### **Conclusions**

In this case report we present a patient with symptomatic hyperparathyroidism with two rare occurrences. One is the parathyroid crisis and the other is a clinically

palpable giant parathyroid adenoma. Rational clinical evaluation with appropriate biochemical and radiological investigations and early surgery is mandatory in this situation.