

Abstract

Idiosyncratic drug-induced liver disease is a newly emerging acute liver disease. It accounts for 10% of cases which are presented to hospital as acute hepatitis. DILI became a major burden to health system due to the use of various medications in recent world. DILI can be classified into three patterns according to the pattern of elevation of liver enzymes which are hepatocellular pattern, cholestatic pattern and mixed pattern. We described a patient here who was treated with azathioprine for auto immune eye disease known as Vogt – Koyanagi – Harada disease (VKH) and presented to medical ward with mixed pattern of acute liver injury. After excluding other common differential conditions DILI was diagnosed with the evidence of liver biopsy. Patient has markedly improved clinically and biochemically over with the treatment. Early diagnosis and timely discontinuation of the drug is crucial in preventing acute liver failure and other complications like acute liver failure. Thus the clinician should be cautious regarding hepatotoxicity whenever they are treating the patients with drugs which can cause DILI.