

Abstract

Co-amoxiclav-induced acute hemolysis and methemoglobinemia is a rare condition that can affect patients with Glucose-6-phosphate-dehydrogenase enzyme deficiency. It presents with anaemia, jaundice, and features of methemoglobinemia including cyanosis and falsely low oxygen saturation on pulse oximetry. We present a patient with G6PD deficiency who presented with hemolysis and methemoglobinemia following treatment with co-amoxiclav.
