

Abstract

Type II heparin-induced thrombocytopenia (HIT) is an immune-mediated condition that rarely occurs as a side effect of heparin therapy but can cause life-threatening thrombotic complications.

We report a case of a patient who presented with antero-lateral STEMI and was immediately thrombolysed with IV tenecteplase followed by PCI to the LAD artery. On the 10th day of hospital admission, the patient developed left lower limb DVT with thrombocytopenia. The treatment of HIT included starting an alternative anticoagulant.