

Abstract

Pulmonary tuberculosis is the most common form TB. Extra pulmonary TB is less common in which isolated splenic TB is an even rare presentation. A 53-year-old male presented with abdominal discomfort for three months duration. There were no features suggestive of TB or immunocompromised state. Isolated splenic TB was confirmed by imaging and biopsy. Standard anti-TB regimen given for six months showed complete resolution of previously seen splenic lesion on ultrasonography. Therefore, doctors should be aware of this possibility of isolated splenic TB even in an immunocompetent asymptomatic patient in order to make early diagnosis and treatment.