Abstract

This case report details a rare occurrence of Anton Syndrome, a denial of visual impairment despite objective evidence of blindness, stemming from Posterior Reversible Encephalopathy Syndrome (PRES) in a 26-year-old female with Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE). The patient presented with severe headache, seizures, and subsequent blindness following bilateral occipital lobe lesions associated with PRES. Despite the administration of corticosteroids, immunosuppressive therapy, and supportive care, the patient's visual impairment persisted, signifying the complexity of the case. The multidisciplinary approach highlighted the importance of early recognition and collaboration in managing such intricate neurological complications in autoimmune diseases. This case emphasizes the need for ongoing vigilance in autoimmune patients and underscores the importance of comprehensive support for managing persistent visual impairment and preventing further complications. The report aims to raise awareness of the diverse neurological manifestations in autoimmune disorders and the significance of recognizing atypical presentations in clinical settings.