

Abstract

Tuberculosis caused by the bacterium *mycobacterium tuberculosis* is a leading cause of significant morbidity and mortality especially in developing countries. Abdominal tuberculosis is one of the extrapulmonary tuberculosis representing 5% of all tuberculosis cases. Peritonium is one of the main organs affected in the cases of abdominal TB. As TB peritonitis closely mimick other conditions such as abdominal malignancy, its prompt diagnosis is a challenging task. In this article, we report a case of young girl who presented with ascites and eventually diagnosed with TB peritonitis in which omental biopsy played a pivotal role in the investigation and arriving at diagnosis.