## POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO

## MD (HISTOPATHOLOGY) PART I EXAMINATION – DECEMBER 2019

Date: - 9th December 2019

**Time:** 1.00 p.m. - 4.00 p.m.

## ESSAY PAPER

Answer all four (04) questions.

Answer each question in a separate book.

Marks for different parts are indicated within brackets.

1.

1.1.

1.1.1 List the complications of atherosclerosis

(10 marks)

- 1.1.2. Explain the pathological basis of the above complications giving examples. (50 marks)
- 1.2. Write an account on epithelial mesenchymal transition. (40 marks)

2.

- 2.1. Hypercellularity in a glomerulus is a feature encountered in many renal diseases.
  - 2.1.1. Describe the light microscopic features helpful in the diagnosis of glomerular hypercellularity. (20 marks)
  - 2.1.2. List two (02) types of glomerulonephritis exhibiting the above tissue reaction. (10 marks)
  - 2.1.3. Briefly describe how you would differentiate the conditions mentioned in 2.1.2. (20 marks)
- 2.2. A 60 year old woman was found to have a 3cm cystic lesion in the head of the pancreas. A CT-guided aspiration of the cyst was performed. The cyst fluid was strongly positive for PAS and resistant to diastase digestion.
  - 2.2.1. List two (02) differential diagnoses. (10 marks)
  - 2.2.2. Describe the morphological features (macroscopy and microscopy) of the above lesions mentioned in 2.2.1. highlighting the features helpful in the differential diagnosis. (40 marks)

Contd..../2-

3.	Write	notes	Ωn

- 3.1. Precursor lesions of adenocarcinoma of the lung. (30 marks)
- 3.2. Pathogenesis of endometriosis. (35 marks)
- 3.3. Numerical parameters useful in the prognostication of breast carcinoma. (35 marks)

## 4. Describe the following

- 4.1. Histomorphological changes caused by *Helicobacter pylori* in the stomach. (35 marks)
- 4.2. Criteria for diagnosing "invasion" in a follicular carcinoma of thyroid and its further categorization. (30 marks)
- 4.3. Benign mimics of a nodal lymphoma. (35 marks)